2.3 Speed and Velocity

2.1 I can interpret and analyze the motion of an object moving with constant velocity.

2.3 I can interpret, analyze, and create velocity vs. time graphs for objects moving with constant velocity.

Chapter In Review

Distance = Total Length of Travel

Displacement = Change in position

$= \Delta x = x_f - x_o$

Chapter In Review

Average Speed = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$

Average Velocity = $\frac{\text{displacement}}{\text{time}}$

VELOCITY

$$\vec{v} = \frac{\Delta \vec{x}}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_f - x_o}{t_f - t_o}$$

$$\vec{v} = \frac{\vec{x} - \vec{x}_o}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{\vec{x} - \vec{x}_o}{\vec{v}}$$

$$v \cdot t + x_o = x$$

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

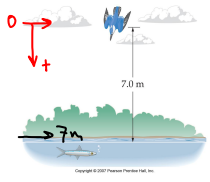
A kingfisher is a bird that catches a fish by plunging into water from a height of several meters. If a kingfisher dives from a height of 7.0 m with an average speed of 4.00 m/s, how long does it take for it to reach the water?

$x_f = 7.0\ m$

$x_o = 0$

$v = 4.00\ m/s$

$t = ?$



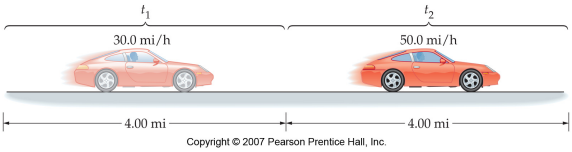
$$t = \frac{x - x_o}{v} = \frac{7m - 0}{4\ m/s}$$

$t = 1.75\ s$

$m \cdot \frac{s}{m} = s$

CONCEPTUAL CHECKPOINT

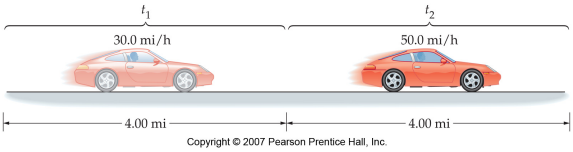
You drive 4.00 mi at 30.0 mi/h and then another 4.00 mi at 50.0 mi/h. What is your average speed for the 8.00 mi trip?



$V = \frac{dist}{t} = \frac{8\ mi}{?}$

CONCEPTUAL CHECKPOINT

You drive 4.00 mi at 30.0 mi/h and then another 4.00 mi at 5 mi/h. What is your average speed for the 8.00 mi trip?



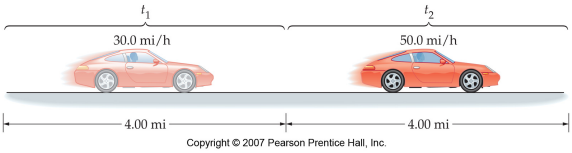
$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$

$\text{time} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{4.00\ \text{mi}}{30.0\ \text{mi/h}}$

time = 0.133 hr

CONCEPTUAL CHECKPOINT

You drive 4.00 mi at 30.0 mi/h and then another 4.00 mi at 5 mi/h. What is your average speed for the 8.00 mi trip?



$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$

$\text{time} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{4.00\ \text{mi}}{30.0\ \text{mi/h}}$

time = 0.133 hr

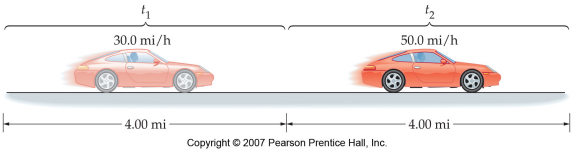
$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$

$\text{time} = \frac{4.00\ \text{mi}}{50.0\ \text{mi/h}}$

time = 0.0800 hr

CONCEPTUAL CHECKPOINT

You drive 4.00 mi at 30.0 mi/h and then another 4.00 mi at 5 mi/h. What is your average speed for the 8.00 mi trip?



$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$

$\text{time} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{4.00\ \text{mi}}{30.0\ \text{mi/h}}$

time = 0.133 hr

$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$

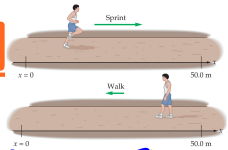
$\text{time} = \frac{4.00\ \text{mi}}{50.0\ \text{mi/h}}$

time = 0.0800 hr

$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}} = \frac{8.00\ \text{mi}}{0.213\ \text{hr}} = 37.6\ \text{mi/h}$

Exampl

An athlete sprints 50.0 m in 8.00 s, stops, and then walks slowly back to the starting line in 40.0 s. The "sprint direction" is taken to be positive.



$\vec{V} = \frac{x_f - x_o}{t} = \frac{50m - 0}{8s}$

$\vec{V} = 6.25\ m/s$

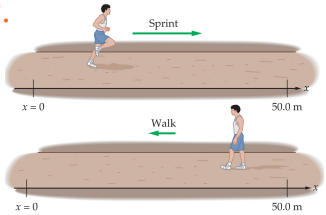
$\vec{V} = \frac{x_f - x_o}{t} = \frac{0 - 50m}{40s} = -1.25\ m/s$

c.) What is the average velocity for the complete round trip?

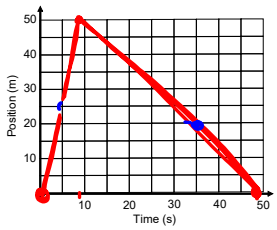
$\vec{V} = \frac{x_f - x_o}{t} = \frac{0 - 0}{48s} = 0\ m/s$

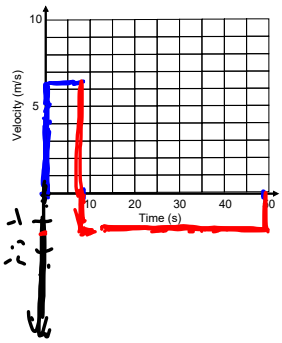
Example

Create a position-time graph and a velocity-time graph that represents the motion of the person for the entire 48 seconds.



Graphing Motion With Constant Velocity





PRACTICE

UNIT 2 PROBLEMS (15-17)