

3.2 Motion with Constant Acceleration

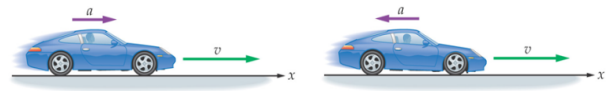
STANDARDS

3.1 I can interpret and analyze the motion of an object moving with constant acceleration.

Review

Average Acceleration $\vec{a}_{av} = \frac{\Delta \vec{v}}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t_f - t_i}$

Positive and Negative Acceleration



Remember...

$t \cdot a_{av} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_f - v_i}{\Delta t} \cdot t$

Constant-Acceleration Equation of Motion: Velocity as a Function of Time

$v_x = v_{x0} + a_x t$

$v_f = v_o + at$

Constant-Acceleration Equations of Motion

Position as a Function of Time

$x = x_0 + v_{x0} t + \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2$

$x_f = x_o + v_o t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$

EXAMPLE: How Fast?

A plane is being accelerated uniformly from rest at the rate of 5.0 m/s² for 8.5 s. What final velocity does it attain?

$a = 5.0 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $t = 8.5 \text{ s}$
 $v_o = 0$
 $x_o = 0$

$v_f = v_o + at$
 $v_f = (5.0 \text{ m/s}^2)(8.5 \text{ s})$
 $v_f = 42 \text{ m/s}$

$v_f = ?$

$\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \text{s} = \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

$\frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$

EXAMPLE: How Far?

An automobile starts at rest and speeds up at 3.5 m/s² after the traffic light turns green. How far will it have gone after 5.5 s?

$t = 5.5 \text{ s}$
 $a = 3.5 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $v_o = 0$
 $x_o = 0$
 $x_f = ?$

$x_f = v_o t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$
 $x_f = \frac{1}{2} at^2$
 $x_f = \frac{1}{2} (3.5 \text{ m/s}^2) (5.5 \text{ s})^2$

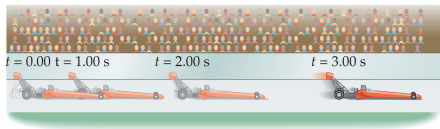
$x_f = 53 \text{ m}$

Constant-Acceleration Equations of Motion

Velocity as a Function of Position

$$v_x^2 = v_{x0}^2 + 2a_x(x - x_0)$$

$$V_f^2 = V_0^2 + 2a(x_f - x_0)$$



$x_0 = 0$
 $a = 7.40 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $x_f = 20.0 \text{ m}$
 $v_0 = 0$
 $v_f = ?$

$$\sqrt{v_f^2} = \sqrt{v_0^2 + 2a(x_f - x_0)}$$

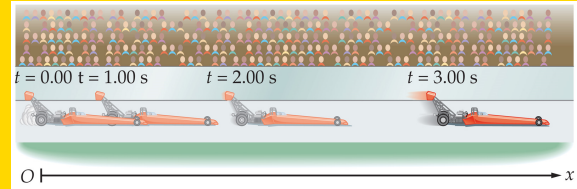
$$v_f = \sqrt{2ax_f}$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{2(7.4 \text{ m/s}^2)(20 \text{ m})}$$

$$v_f = 17.2 \text{ m/s}$$

Example

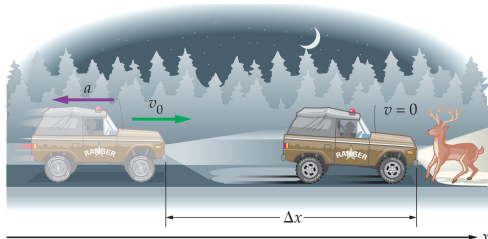
A drag racer starts from rest and accelerates at 7.40 m/s^2 . How fast is it moving after it has gone 20.0 m ?



Can you have an acceleration when the velocity is zero?

Driving At Night

A park ranger driving on a back country road suddenly sees a deer "frozen" in the headlights. The ranger, who is driving at 11.4 m/s , immediately applies the brakes and slows with an acceleration of -3.80 m/s^2 .



Driving At Night



If the deer is 20.0 m from the ranger's vehicle when the brakes are applied, will he hit the deer?

$x_0 = 0$
 $v_0 = 11.4 \text{ m/s}$
 $a = -3.80 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $v_f = 0$
 $x_f = ?$

$$v_f^2 = v_0^2 + 2a(x_f - x_0)$$

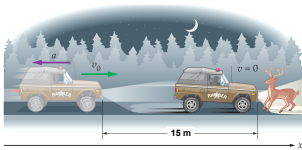
$$0 = (11.4)^2 + 2(-3.80)(x_f - 0)$$

$$- (11.4)^2 = -2(3.80)x_f$$

$$\frac{- (11.4)^2}{2(-3.80)} = \frac{- (v_0)^2}{2a} = x_f$$

$$17.1 \text{ m} = x_f$$

Driving At Night



How much time is needed for the ranger's vehicle to stop?

$$v_f = v_0 + at$$

